GENERAL MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CENTRAL TEXAS REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY

RESOLUTION NO. 17-011

APPROVAL TO EXECUTE AN INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT WITH THE TEXAS A&M TRANSPORTATION INSTITUTE FOR A BEHAVOIORAL STUDY OF ROAD USERS IN THE CENTRAL TEXAS REGION

WHEREAS, the Mobility Authority has a need for technical and research services for a behavioral study to aid in developing initiatives to improve customer service and, ultimately, enhance the road user experience; and

WHEREAS, the Texas A&M Transportation Institute ("TTI") has the resources and expertise to provide these services to the Mobility Authority; and

WHEREAS, the Executive Director and TTI have agreed to Work Authorization No. 1 in an amount not to exceed \$112,714 to conduct the contemplated behavioral studies; and

WHEREAS, the Executive Director and TxDOT have agreed to an Interlocal Agreement whereby TxDOT would reimburse the Mobility Authority for fifty percent (50%) of the cost of the services to be provided under Work Authorization No. 1; and

WHEREAS, the Executive Director recommends that the Board approve the proposed Work Authorization No. 1 with TTI in the form or substantially in the same form as Exhibit A attached hereto and authorize the Executive Director to negotiate and finalize the terms of an Interlocal Agreement with TTI to implement Work Authorization No. 1; and

WHEREAS, the Executive Director recommends that the Board approve the proposed Interlocal Agreement with TxDOT in the form or substantially in the same form as Exhibit B attached hereto.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board approves an amount not to exceed \$112,714.00 for the services described in Work Authorization No. 1; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board authorizes the Executive Director to negotiate and execute an Interlocal Agreement with TTI to implement Work Authorization No. 1 with TTI in the form or substantially the same form as <u>Exhibit A</u>; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board authorizes the Executive Director to finalize and execute the proposed Interlocal Agreement with TxDOT in the form or substantially the same form as Exhibit B.

Adopted by the Board of Directors of the Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority on the 22^{nd} day of February 2017.

Submitted and reviewed by:

Geoffrey S. Petrov, General Counsel

Approved:

Ray A. Wilkerson

Chairman, Board of Directors

Exhibit A

MASTER RESEARCH INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT Between TEXAS A&M TRANSPORTATION INSTITUTE And CENTRAL TEXAS REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY

WORK AUTHORIZATION NO. 1

This Work Authorization No.1 (WA 1) is entered into by and between Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority, a political subdivision of the State of Texas having its principal place of business at 3300 N IH-35, Suite 300, Austin, Texas 78705 ("Authority"), and the **Texas A&M Transportation Institute**, a member of The Texas A&M University System ("System") and an agency of the State of Texas, having its principal place of business at 400 Harvey Mitchell Parkway South, Suite 300, College Station, Texas 77845 (hereinafter referred to as "TTI") referred to individually as "Party" and collectively the "Parties".

WHEREAS, the Authority and TTI entered into a Master Research Interlocal Agreement (the "ILA") effective as of February 22, 2017 whereby except as otherwise specified herein, the terms and conditions of the ILA are incorporated by reference into this Work Authorization.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Statement of Work.</u> TTI agrees to use its reasonable efforts to perform the work of the project as set forth in **Exhibit A** (the "Project"). Any change to this Project will be made effective only by a mutual written agreement.
- 2. <u>Principal Investigator</u>. The Project will be supervised by <u>(PI name, phone, email)</u>, the Principal Investigator who will manage the Project on behalf of TTI.
- 3. <u>Authority Technical Point of Contact</u>. The Authority designates Ms. Jori Steck, Communications Manager, 512-450-6279, <u>Jsteck@ctrma.org</u>, as the primary point of contact to provide data and information as needed by the TTI project team consistent with the statement of work for this Work Authorization.
- 4. <u>Period of Performance</u>. The research shall be conducted during the period March 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and will be subject to extension only by mutual written agreement of both parties.

5. Price and Payment.

a. As consideration and compensation for TTI's performance of this Work

Authorization, the Authority agrees to pay TTI the fixed price amount of \$112,714.00 (the "Fixed Price"). Payments will be prorated to reflect project production, based on preestablished milestone objectives as agreed upon by both parties prior to the issuance of a Notice to Proceed (NTP).

- b. The Fixed Price is based on the budget of the Project set forth in **Exhibit A**. Changes that affect costs such as Authority requested revisions to **Exhibit A** or marked differences that affect the initial price must be approved in advance by the Authority. The revisions to **Exhibit A** and the additional funds may only be added to this Work Authorization by an amendment signed by both parties.
- 6. Reports. TTI shall submit the following reports to the Authority:
 A comprehensive summary memo at the completion of each Task 1 through Task 4 and a complete report of findings as Task 5 with due dates indicated in Exhibit A, 3.5 "Project Tasks, Activities, Due Dates and Schedule".
 - 7. This Work Authorization does not waive the parties' responsibilities and obligations provided under the ILA.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Work Authorization No. 1 to be executed by their authorized representative.

IEXAS A&M TRANSPORTATION INSTITUTE	MOBILITY AUTHORITY
By:	By:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:

EXHIBIT "A"

Improving the User Experience with Toll System Interfaces

Preliminary Proposal February 2017













Improving the User Experience with Toll System Interfaces

Preliminary Proposal

to

Tim Reilly, Director of Operations Jori Steck, Communications Manager

Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority
Austin, Texas

Linda Sexton, Deputy Division Director

Texas Department of Transportation Toll Operations
Austin, Texas

by

Michael Manser Senior Research Scientist

Johanna Zmud Senior Research Scientist

Center for Transportation Safety Texas A&M Transportation Institute College Station, Texas

February 10, 2017

1 Introduction

Toll roads in Central Texas use an electronic tolling system that eliminates the need for a cash-based system while also increasing efficiency. Electronic tolling systems are significantly more complex than cash-based systems from a technological and a user's perspectives. Adding to the complexity is the fact that there are two toll system operators (CTRMA and TxDOT) in the region and one toll tag, TxTag, that is administered by TxDOT but accepted by both operators. Customer interfaces for both front and back office operations have received considerable attention locally from the public and the media. For the purposes of this proposal, the interfaces do not include marketing and/or informational interfaces or operations. This has related primarily to the perceived challenges that users experienced while interacting with the various "touchpoints" which included websites, phone-based customer support, and billing statements.

A human factors approach to improving these user experiences would suggest that the problem is the gap between the way in which the "touchpoints" operate and the users' "mental models" (i.e., understanding) of the way these "touchpoints" should operate. Users' mental models are based on a combination of known facts about the touchpoint along with beliefs about what users know (or think they know) about a touchpoint's operation. When the actual operation of the touchpoint does not meet the users' mental model of the touchpoint, a significant amount of mistakes, confusion, frustration, and animosity can be evoked within the user because they find it difficult to use. This often leads to negative impressions of the touchpoint or agency responsible for the touchpoint.

A mismatch between models can also occur if the touchpoint is not designed to accommodate basic human limitations and capabilities. These limitations and capabilities can relate to how users understand simple and complex information, their ability to remember information, and physical interactions with touchpoints. Addressing human limitations and capabilities can significantly improve users' capacity to understand easily and interact with a touchpoint. Addressing mental models and human limitations and capabilities can be quite challenging for touchpoint designers because of their overfamiliarity with their systems and their belief that if they can easily use the touchpoint then everyone should be able to use the touchpoint with the same ease of use.

There are two general approaches to facilitate an alignment between user and touchpoint models. First, present to users a touchpoint that conforms to their mental models and is designed to address human limitations and capabilities (e.g., explaining things better and





making instructions or labels clearer). Second, improve users' mental models. The greatest gains can be made by addressing both approaches to the greatest extent possible.

Unless both approaches are addressed, users will continue to experience significant frustration and confusion, which will negatively impact users' perceptions of system acceptance, satisfaction, and trust. Identification and understanding of user frustration and confusion can serve as the basis for making touchpoint improvements that will subsequently increase system use and revenue.

The goals of the proposed project are to:

- Identify the main causes of negative user experience with the front and back office customer toll system touchpoints, and how the underlying customer user mental models contribute to negative experiences, and
- Identify solutions, that when implemented, will improve the user experience for front and back office system touchpoints.

2 Project Tasks

The Texas A&M Transportation Institute research team will successfully accomplish the proposed goals through the execution of several project tasks, identified in the following subsections.

2.1 Task 1 - Produce Process Maps for "Touchpoints"

Customers of CTRMA and TxDOT¹ toll roads interact with the tolling systems at various touchpoints including websites, phone-based customer support, printed mailings such as billing statements, "brick and morter" storefronts², etc. A system user interacts with one or more of these touchpoints to perform goal orientated tasks, such as paying a bill, updating a license

² Note, the project will not interview or otherwise examine storefront operations. However, TTI will attempt to query customers about relative frequency of use of storefronts versus other touchpoints within the customer survey.





¹ The proposed work will focus on CTRMA and TxDOT touchpoints only. Interfaces and touchpoints outside the CTRMA and TxDOT domains (e.g., North Texas Tollway Authority) will not be considered.

plate number on file, or opening a TxTag account. Within Task 1, TTI project staff will interview three (3) CTRMA and three (3) TxDOT staff to identify the "tasks" that a user is expected to perform with each touchpoint. For each of the three touchpoints (i.e., web, phone support, billing statements), TTI will generate a list of 5-10 primary core tasks and process map each. This will be accomplished through interviews with CTRMA and TxDOT staff. This task will not include interviews with either CTRMA or TxTag (TxDOT) customers. Information gathered will include high-level information requirements of each touchpoint and possible points of "process breakdown", that is, those areas where the process maps indicate a potential conflict with users' mental models or human limitations or capabilities. Using this information, the team will generate specific performance targets for users (i.e., user experience goals) that should be met for each primary core task when users interact with each "touchpoint. The performance targets will be defined and documented and then used in subsequent tasks.

2.2 Task 2 - Gather User Perspectives in Online Survey

An online survey of TxDOT and CTRMA customers will be conducted to assess significant points of process breakdown and associated primary core tasks. These would be the points that contribute most to a negative user experiences. It is expected that addressing the issues relative to the primary core tasks would greatly improve user experience. This survey is <u>not</u> a customer satisfaction survey. Instead, it is a survey to identify those tasks and elements of tasks that lead to the greatest positive and negative user experiences when interacting with the websites, phone support, and billing statements.

The online survey content will include the list of primary core tasks organized by touchpoint category (i.e., website, phone support, and billing statement) identified in Task 1. We anticipate identifying and addressing no more than 30 tasks (e.g., do customers try to pay their bill at MSB, CTRMA, TxDOT, or TxTAG). Survey respondents will be asked to select the five tasks for which they have experienced the most confusion or frustration in performing over the past year. Then the list will be presented again with the first five selected tasks removed, and users will be asked the question again. This will be done iteratively until a small group of tasks remain. When aggregated across all respondents, this method will result in a prioritized list of tasks that cause confusion and frustration. The survey will as users about system use information that will further facilitate interpretation of results. The online survey program would conform to good principles of web survey interface to ensure a positive user experience. Data would be analyzed and priority lists developed in the aggregate and by operator (CTRMA/TxDOT).





We propose to send a survey link to CTRMA and TxDOT customer emails for the survey sample. We will provide a random method to each operator for selecting survey respondent emails from their customer databases. With the incentive and a motivating invitation to participate in the survey, we expect a response rate of 20% (1200 survey responses). Given this expectation, we would want to email the survey invitation to 3000 CTRMA and 3000 TxDOT customers. Note, TTI will request a total of 9000 customer emails (4500 CTRMA and 4500 TxDOT). The additional 3000 emails beyond the initial 6000 will be used to replace any duplicate records between CTRMA and TxDOT and will also be used if the overall response rate falls below 20% (1200 responses). The additional emails will negate the need for a second email request to both CTRMA and TxDOT. Note, a maximum of 9000 surveys (4500 for CTRMA and 4500 for TxDOT) will be sent out to customers regardless of survey response rates (i.e., if survey response rate is below 20% we will not request additional emails). The final format of email addresses will be specified by TTI and provided to CTRMA and TxDOT. Although, at this time we request that the fields of first name, last name, and email address be provided in an excel file with each field represented in a different column. The same data could also be provided in a comma delineated txt file. TxDOT will provide the customer information to TTI following receipt of signed nondisclosure agreements from TTI project staff members that will have access to the information. Prior to sending the survey invitation, we would match the lists to discard any duplicates. CTRMA and TxDOT will review and approve the survey before distribution to customers. We would like to offer an incentive of \$10 added to the existing TxTag account (or a new account) for completing the survey. The incentive will be paid to all participants (CTRMA and TxTAG customers who participate in the survey) by CTRMA (but not paid in by TTI). The estimated overall incentive costs for 6000 surveys would be \$60,000 (6000 x \$10). It is estimated that the overall incentive costs could be as high as \$90,000 (9000 customers x \$10 each) if all 9000 surveys are required.

2.3 Task 3 - Design and Execute Performance Target Tests

At a meeting with CTRMA and TxDOT, the prioritized lists of problematic tasks will be evaluated, along with the other contextual information³ gathered in the survey, to determine

³ Contextual information refers to factors that may influence task completion that TTI should be aware of and consider when designing and conducting the tests. Contextual information does not include any confidential customer account information





which primary core tasks should be addressed further. Performance target tests would be designed to identify specific process breakdown points for website or billing statements⁴. Together with CTRMA and TxDOT, TTI would identify appropriate metrics, such as the time or ease with which a user "should" be able to accomplish a task, which can be used as the criteria for successful or unsuccessful task performance. We expect to conduct the tests with no more than 10 tasks.

The tests would examine performance in two ways. First, user impressions as they perform the tasks will be analyzed. This will be accomplished through the use of a one-on-one "think out loud" testing protocol. In this protocol users are asked to complete each primary core task while continuously talking to the experimenter about their experience, how they are completing the task, what is confusing, etc. - that is, simply verbalizing their thoughts as they move through the user interface. This method has been used successfully in previous system evaluations to determine what users really think and feel about the interface design as they try to perform the task in question and the process areas associated with negative experiences. In particular, we would identify directly why users' interactions and subsequent perceptions are incorrect and negative relative to specific touchpoint process map points. Second, in the case of the web interface, we would also be able to record actual keystrokes for additional insight and may consider analyzing that data. For example, while attempting to complete a goal users may select interface options that do not help them complete the primary core task or may dwell on a particular area of an interface. Both findings would suggest a degree of user misunderstanding.

A sample of 6 to 10 users at most would be employed for the performance target tests who are naïve to the touchpoints. These respondents would be randomly selected individuals from the public who are not CTRMA or TxDOT staff, are not CTRMA or TxDOT customers, and who have not participated in the survey. This is an important consideration because these individuals would not come into the performance target test with preconceived biases, enabling us to distinguish perceptions from facts. After the tests, we would have empirical information on the problematic touchpoints, process maps points, and user experiences. TTI will recruit these individuals from the general public or from the TTI participant pool. All performance target test materials will be provided to CTRMA and TxDOT for approval. The final set of materials will

⁴ TTI is unable to replicate phone-based support for performance target testing.





then receive Texas A&M Institutional Review Board approval and the project staff will then follow all IRB approved protocol.

2.4 Task 4 - Touchpoint Modification Recommendations

TTI will hold a 1/2 day workshop with CTRMA and TxDOT staff to review the results of Tasks 1, 2 and 3 and will provide a list of recommended touchpoint modifications to improve users' experience. The advantages and disadvantages of the recommended fixes will be discussed and prioritized. TTI will document the discussion and consensus.

2.5 Task 5 - Report of Findings

The project will culminate in a depiction of the weaknesses of the current user interface, along with recommendations for improvements that will most improve the ability of users to meet their goals with high acceptance and satisfaction. The report will document the methods used to gather this information and present the agreed upon findings.

3 Project Information

3.1 Assumptions

- 3.1.1 Institutional Review Board According to the Code of Federal Regulations (45 CFR 46) all University-based research involving human participants must be reviewed and approved by an Institutional Review Board panel before any data collection can begin. This affects the Task 2 online survey and the Task 3 performance target tests. TTI has received approval for numerous tasks similar to the online survey and the performance target tests from the Texas A&M IRB panel and will seek approval from them for the current work. This approval will require participants in both tasks to fill out an informed consent document which requires minimal effort and will not interfere with each task. No customer confidential information is required for either IRB approval or for the informed consent document.
- 3.1.2 The work proposed here recommends that each of the 6000 tolling customers (3000 CTRMA and 3000 TxDOT), but potentially up to 9000 customers, who complete the Task 2 online survey be provided with \$10 tolling credit. The cost of this credit is not included in the proposed budget.





3.1.3 The Task 2 online survey will be facilitated by CTRMA and TxDOT support in terms of providing a random sample of toll users.

3.2 Project Management

3.2.1 Overview

The work proposed here will receive the full attention of the TTI staff. This will include 1) direct management and participation in the project by senior staff that have direct and extensive previous experience developing process maps for touchpoints, conducting online surveys, conducting performance target tests, and providing documentation to project sponsors. The project will use TTI's nationally recognized resources, will be managed by experienced project personnel to ensure deliverables and timeframes are met, and will include financial oversight to ensure budget constraints are met. A successful project is also achieved through productive communications between the project sponsor and project team. To ensure productive communications TTI staff will maintain regular contact with CTRMA and TxDOT at the request of CTRMA staff regarding primary project activities such as project task status and budget expenditures.

3.2.2 Reporting and Communications

This contract and workplan represent an agreement between the CTRMA and TTI and that funding for the work will be provided directly by CTRMA. It is recognized TxDOT is a partner in this work and that TxDOT will support CTRMA in several ways (e.g., partical project funding, feedback on deliverables, etc). to provide a clear and manageable reporting structure and because the contract is between CTRMA and TTI, TTI will report directly to CTRMA. All deliverables will be provided to CTRMA and communications will occur between CTRMA and TTI. TTI will, at the request of CTRMA, copy and include TxDOT staff; however, it is the responsibility of CTRMA to interact with TxDOT (e.g., share project materials with TxDOT, obtain TxDOT feedback on deliverable in a timely fashion, etc).

3.2.3 Information Exchange

TTI will not disclose the results or information related to the current work to third parties without the consent of CTRMA and TxDOT. TTI understands and agrees that CTRMA has no authority over customer account information provided by TxDOT to TTI for purposes of performing the current work and cannot consent to any release of such information. Likewise, TxDOT has no authority over customer account information provided by CTRMA to TTI for purposes of performing the current work and cannot consent to any release of such





information. Furthermore, TTI will not disclose any TxDOT customer account information to CTRMA. All contact/email lists will be kept confidential until the end of the project at which time they will be destroyed.

3.2.4 Project Schedule

Completing all project activities and deliverables by the scheduled due dates identified in Section 3.5 is imperative to achieve the overall project objectives and to achieve them in a timeframe anticipated by CTRMA.

3.3 Cost

Cost = \$112,714

3.4 Biographies

The proposed evaluation will employ senior and experienced project staff members who have extensive experience developing process maps for touchpoints, conducting online surveys, conducting performance target tests, and providing documentation to project sponsors.

3.4.1 Michael P. Manser

Michael Manser, Ph.D., is a Senior Research Scientist and the Human Factors Program Manager in the Center for Transportation Safety (CTS) at the Texas A&M Transportation Institute. The Human Factors Program examines the behavioral, cognitive, and perceptual related factors that contribute to transportation safety, mobility, and efficiency. A focus area of the Program includes the evaluation and design of web and machine-based user interfaces. He has more than 20 years of professional experience in the area of transportation research including extensive user interface evaluation and design. In his role as Program Manager Dr. Manser is responsible for managing program finances, managing programmatic resources such as the driving environment simulator, and providing a strategic research direction for the Program staff. He has also held positions at the University of Minnesota Intelligent Transportation Systems Institute and Center for Transportation Safety. He received his Ph.D. in Human Factors





and Ergonomics at the University of Minnesota and received has received User Interface Designer Certification.

3.4.2 Johanna Zmud

Dr. Zmud is a Senior Research Scientist at the Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) and director of its Washington, D.C., office. She has nearly 30 years of transportation research and consulting experience, with clients at the federal, state, and metropolitan levels as well as international clients. She is an internationally acknowledged innovator in bridging transportation research, data, information, and technology. Throughout her professional career, her major research areas have been mobility analysis, technology applications for travel-data collection, emerging data management issues (e.g., data governance, ownership, and privacy), and the impacts of new technologies on travel demand. Two current policy studies at TTI pertain to autonomous vehicle-deployment scenarios and the impact of autonomous vehicles on travel mode choice and distance. Prior to her current position, she directed the transportation, space and technology program at the RAND Corporation.





3.5 Project Tasks, Activities, Due Dates, and Schedule

		Due Data														W	/eek	Afte	r Co	ntrac	t Aw	ard													
Task 1	Resp	ACA*	1	2	3 4	5	6 7	7 8	9	10 1	11 1	2 13	3 14	1 15	16	17	18 1	19 2	0 2	1 22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30 3	31 32	2 33	34	35	36 3	7 3	8 39 4
CTRMA and TxDOT identify staff to be interviewed.	CTRMA	3																																Т	
Conduct Touchpoint interviews with CTRMA staff.	TTI	7																																	
Conduct Touchpoint interviews with TxDOT staff.	TTI	7																																	
Submit task summary memo	TTI	8																																	
Task 2																																		T	
Develop online survey	TTI	4																																	
Submit online survey for approval	TTI	4																																	
CTRMA/TxDOT approves survey or request modifications	CTRMA	6																																	
Submit final online survey	TTI	8																																	
Provide CTRMA/TxDOT with sampling method	TTI	4																																	
List of emails submitted to TTI	CTRMA	6																																	
Email survey to customers	TTI	12																																	
Submit memo of methods, results, and priority lists	TTI	20																																	
Task 3																																			
Develop performance target test methodology	TTI	13																																	
Submit methodology to CTRMA/TxDOT for approval	TTI	14																																	
CTRMA/TxDOT approves or requests modifications	CTRMA	16																																	
Submit final methodology	TTI	18																																	
Conduct performance target test	TTI	26																																	
Submit task summary memo	TTI	27																																	
Task 4																																			
Identify workshop date	TTI	24																																	
Conduct workshop	TTI	30																																	
Submit task summary memo	TTI	32																																	
Task 5																																			
Develop a report of project findings.	TTI	39																																	
Submit report	TTI	40																																	









Exhibit B

Interlocal Agreement

Contract Services Transmittal Form

From: Toll Operations Division - 87	Contact Person: Linda Sexton
(District/Division)	Phone No.: 512-874-9177
Subject: Improving the User Experience Surve	
Other Entity Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority	Contract Maximum Amount Payable \$56,357.00
Are any federal funds used in this contract? N	0
If yes, what kind of federal funds.	
Was the standard interlocal or amendment forr	mat modified? Yes No _X
If modified, date of Contract Services approval	:
Modifications made are as follows:	

THE	STATE OF TEXAS §
THE	COUNTY OF TRAVIS §
	INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT
THIS	CONTRACT is entered into by the Contracting Parties under Government Code, Chapter 791.
I. C	ONTRACTING PARTIES:
	he Texas Department of Transportation TxDOT central Texas Regional Mobility Authority (CTRMA) Local Government
	URPOSE: This Contract is intended to allow TxDOT to participate in a User Experience Survey with TRMA.
	TATEMENT OF SERVICES TO BE PERFORMED : The Local Government will undertake and carry ervices described in Attachment A , Scope of Services.
	CONTRACT PAYMENT: The total amount of this contract shall not exceed \$ 56,357.00 and shall orm to the provisions of Attachment B , Budget. Payments shall be billed monthly.
subje term parti	ERM OF CONTRACT: Payment under this contract beyond the end of the current fiscal biennium is ect to availability of appropriated funds. If funds are not appropriated, this contract shall be nated immediately with no liability to either party. This contract begins when fully executed by both es and terminates on December 31, 2017 or when otherwise terminated as provided in this ement.
THE	EGAL AUTHORITY: PARTIES certify that the services provided under this contract are services that are properly within egal authority of the Contracting Parties
	governing body, by resolution or ordinance, dated, has authorized the Local ernment to provide the scope of services.
	contract incorporates the provisions of Attachment A , Scope of Services, Attachment B , Budget, chment C , General Terms and Conditions, and Attachment D , Resolution or Ordinance.
Cen	ral Texas Regional Mobility Authority
Ву	Date
	Mike Heiligenstein
Title	_Executive Director
Exec purp here	THE STATE OF TEXAS uted for the Executive Director and approved for the Texas Transportation Commission for the ose and effect of activating and/or carrying out the orders, established policies or work programs refore approved and authorized by the Texas Transportation Commission. Date
Ву	Kenneth Stewart Director of Contract Services

Page 1 of 1

Interlocal-Interlocal_LG

Contract No _____

08/26/2016

ATTACHMENT A

Scope of Services

TxDOT, in collaboration with the CTRMA, will participate jointly in a User Experience Survey to better align users and customer service touchpoints by understanding and addressing the users most common gaps as it relates to toll system interfaces. The Center for Transportation Safety, Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) will perform the survey through an existing contract with CTRMA.

Toll roads in Central Texas use an electronic tolling system that eliminates the need for a cash-based system while also increasing efficiency. Electronic tolling systems are significantly more complex than cash-based systems from both a technological and user perspective. There are two toll system operators (CTRMA and TxDOT) in the region and one toll tag, TxTag, which is administered by TxDOT but accepted by both operators. Customer interfaces for both front and back office operations are critical in providing a good customer service experience while interacting with the various "touchpoints," which include websites, phone-based customer support, and billing statements.

A human factors approach to improving these user experiences would suggest that the problem is the gap between the way in which the "touchpoints" operate and the users' "mental models" (i.e., understanding) of the way these "touchpoints" should operate. A mismatch between models can also occur if the touchpoint is not designed to accommodate basic human limitations and capabilities. Addressing human limitations and capabilities can significantly improve users' capacity to understand easily and interact with a touchpoint.

- 1. SURVEY: The survey will focus on two general approaches to facilitate an alignment between user and touchpoint models. The goals of the survey are to:
 - **1.1.** Identify the main causes of negative user experience with the front and back office customer toll system touchpoints and how the underlying customer user mental models contribute to negative experiences, and
 - **1.2.** Identify solutions, that when implemented, will improve the user experience for front and back office system touchpoints.
- 2. TASKS: Goals will be accomplished through the execution of several tasks identified below.

2.1. Task 1 – Produce Process Maps for "Touchpoints"

Customers of CTRMA and TxDOT toll roads interact with the tolling systems at various touchpoints including websites, phone-based customer support, printed mailings such as billing statements, etc. A system user interacts with these touchpoints to perform goal orientated tasks, such as paying a bill, updating a license plate number on file, or opening a TxTag account. Within Task 1, TTI project staff will interview three (3) CTRMA and three (3) TxDOT staff to identify the "tasks" that a user is expected to perform with each touchpoint. For each of the three touchpoints (i.e., web, phone support, billing statements), TTI will generate a list of 5-10 primary core tasks and process map each. Information gathered will include high-level information requirements of each touchpoint and possible points of "process breakdown",

Contract No	

that is, those areas where the process maps indicate a potential conflict with users' mental models or human limitations or capabilities. Using this information, the TTI team will generate specific performance targets for users (i.e., user experience goals) that should be met for each primary core task when users interact with each "touchpoint. The performance targets will be defined and documented and then used in subsequent tasks.

2.2. Task 2 - Gather User Perspectives in Online Survey

An online survey of TxDOT and CTRMA customers will be conducted to assess significant points of process breakdown and associated primary core tasks. The survey will identify those tasks and elements of tasks that lead to the greatest positive and negative user experiences when interacting with the websites, phone support, and billing statements.

The online survey content will include the list of primary core tasks organized by touchpoint category (i.e., website, phone support, and billing statement) identified in Task 1. It is anticipated that no more than 30 tasks will be identified and addressed (e.g., do customers try to pay their bill at MSB, CTRMA, TxDOT, or TxTAG). Survey respondents will be asked to select the five tasks for which they have experienced the most confusion or frustration in performing over the past year. Then the list will be presented again with the first five selected tasks removed, and users will be asked the question again. This will be done iteratively until a small group of tasks remain. When aggregated across all respondents, this method will result in a prioritized list of tasks. The survey will query about system use information and limited demographic information that will further facilitate interpretation of results. The online survey program would conform to good principles of web survey interface to ensure a positive user experience. Data would be analyzed and priority lists developed in the aggregate and by operator (CTRMA/TxDOT).

A survey link will be provided to CTRMA and TxDOT customer emails for the survey sample. A response rate of 20% (1200 survey responses) is expected. The survey invitation will be emailed to 3000 CTRMA and 3000 TxDOT customers. A total of 9000 customer emails (4500 CTRMA and 4500 TxDOT) will be requested. The additional 3000 emails beyond the initial 6000 will be used to replace any duplicate records between CTRMA and TxDOT and will also be used if the overall response rate falls below 20% (1200 responses). TxDOT will provide the customer information to TTI following receipt of signed nondisclosure agreements from TTI project staff members that will have access to the information. Prior to sending the survey invitation, any duplicates emails/customers will be discarded. CTRMA and TxDOT will review and approve the survey before distribution to customers.

2.3. Task 3 - Design and Execute Performance Target Tests

2.3.1. **Design**

CTRMA and TxDOT will approve the prioritized lists of tasks to be evaluated, along with the other contextual information gathered in the survey, to determine which primary core tasks should be addressed further. Performance target tests would be designed to identify specific process breakdown points for website or billing statements. Metrics, such as the time or ease

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with which a user "should" be able to accomplish a task, which can be used as the criteria for successful or unsuccessful task performance, will be identified. No more than 10 tasks are expected to conduct the tests.

2.3.2. Execute Performance Target Tests

The tests will examine performance in two ways:

- 2.3.2.1. Fist, user impressions as they perform the tasks will be analyzed. This will be accomplished through the use of a one-on-one "think out loud" testing protocol. In this protocol users are asked to complete each primary core task while continuously talking to the experimenter about their experience, how they are completing the task, what is confusing, etc. that is, simply verbalizing their thoughts as they move through the user interface.
- 2.3.2.2. Second, in the case of the web interface, actual keystrokes will be recorded for additional insight and may consider analyzing that data. For example, while attempting to complete a goal users may select interface options that do not help them complete the primary core task or may dwell on a particular area of an interface.

2.3.2.3. Random Naïve Sample

A sample of 6 - 10 users at most would be employed for the performance target tests who are naïve to the touchpoints. These respondents would be randomly selected individuals from the public who are not CTRMA or TxDOT staff, are not CTRMA or TxDOT customers, and who have not participated in the survey. This is an important consideration because these individuals would not come into the performance target test with preconceived biases, which enables staff to distinguish perceptions from facts.

2.3.3. Results

The test results will provide empirical information on the problematic touchpoints, process maps points, and user experiences. All performance target test materials will be provided to TxDOT for approval.

2.4. Task 4 - Touchpoint Modification Recommendations

A half- day workshop to review the results of Tasks 1, 2 and 3 will be scheduled to provide a list of recommended touchpoint modifications to improve users' experience. The advantages and disadvantages of the recommended fixes will be discussed and prioritized.

2.5. Task 5 - Report of Findings

A report of the list of weaknesses of the current user interfaces, along with recommendations for improvements that will most improve the ability of users to meet their goals with high acceptance and satisfaction will be provided. The report will document the methods used to gather this information and present the agreed upon findings.

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ATTACHMENT B

Budget

The table below provides general guidance for the cost of the survey. The particulars shall be determined and agreed upon prior to the start of specific tasks.

Task	Description	Deliverable	Amount Payable
2.1	Process Maps	Approved Process Maps	9392.00
2.2	Online Survey	Approved Online Survey	9392.00
2.3.1	Design Performance Target Tests	Approved Performance Target Tests	9392.00
2.3.3	Performance Test Results	Provide Test Results	9392.00
2.4	Touchpoint Mod Recommendations	Provide and Agree on Recommendations	9392.00
2.5	Report of Findings	Approved report	9397.00

ATTACHMENT C

General Terms and Conditions

Article 1. Additional Work

- A. If the Local Government is of the opinion that any assigned work is beyond the scope of this contract and constitutes additional work, it shall promptly notify TxDOT in writing. The written notice shall present the relevant facts and show how the work constitutes additional work.
- B. If TxDOT in its sole discretion finds that the work does constitute additional work, TxDOT shall so advise the Local Government and a written amendment will be executed. The Local Government shall not perform any proposed additional work or incur any additional costs before the execution of an amendment.
- C. TxDOT shall not be responsible for actions by the Local Government or for any costs incurred by the Local Government relating to additional work that is performed before an amendment is executed or that is outside the scope of the contract, as amended.

Article 2. Amendments

This contract may only be amended by written agreement executed by both parties before the contract is terminated.

Article 3. Notice to Proceed

If Attachment A requires a notice to proceed, the Local Government shall not proceed with any work or incur any costs until TxDOT issues a written notice to the Local Government authorizing work to begin. Any costs incurred by the Local Government before receiving the notice are not eligible for reimbursement.

Article 4. Conflicts Between Agreements

If the terms of this contract conflict with the terms of any other contract between the parties, the most recent contract shall prevail.

Article 5. Nonconforming Work

If the Local Government submits work that does not comply with the terms of this contract, TxDOT shall instruct the Local Government to make any revisions that are necessary to bring the work into compliance with the contract. No additional compensation shall be paid for this work.

Article 6. Termination

This contract terminates at the end of the contract term, when all services and obligations contained in this contract have been satisfactorily completed, by mutual written agreement, or 30 days after either party gives notice to the other party, whichever occurs first. TxDOT shall compensate the Local Government only for those eligible expenses that are incurred during this contract and that are directly attributable to the completed portion of the work covered by this contract and only if the work has been completed in a manner satisfactory and acceptable to TxDOT. The Local Government shall neither incur nor be reimbursed for any new obligations after the date of termination.

Article 7. Funding

TxDOT shall pay for services from appropriation items or accounts from which like expenditures would normally be paid. Payments received by the Local Government shall be credited to the current appropriation items or accounts from which expenditures of that character were originally made. If for

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any reason subcontractors and suppliers, if any, are not paid before TxDOT reimburses the Local Government for their services, the Local Government shall pay the subcontractors and suppliers all undisputed amounts due for work no more than 10 days after the Local Government receives payment for the work unless a different time is specified by law. This requirement also applies to all lower-tier subcontractors and suppliers and must be incorporated in all subcontracts. If the Local Government fails to comply with this Article, TxDOT may withhold payments and suspend work until the subcontractors and suppliers are paid. The Local Government is authorized to submit requests for reimbursement no more frequently than monthly and no later than ninety (90) days after costs are incurred.

Article 8. Basis for Calculating Reimbursement Costs

TxDOT will reimburse the Local Government for actual costs incurred in carrying out the services authorized in Attachment A, Scope of Services, subject to the cost categories and estimated costs set forth in Attachment B, Budget. TxDOT shall compensate the Local Government for only those eligible expenses incurred during this contract that are directly attributable to the completed portion of the work covered by this contract, provided that the work has been completed in a manner satisfactory and acceptable to TxDOT. The Local Government shall not incur or be reimbursed for any new obligations after the effective date of termination. The Local Government shall bill TxDOT for actual travel expenses, not to exceed the limits reimbursable under state law. Out-of-state or out-of-country travel by the Local Government requires prior approval by TxDOT.

Article 9. Gratuities

Any person who is doing business with or who reasonably speaking may do business with TxDOT under this contract may not make any offer of benefits, gifts, or favors to employees of TxDOT. The only exceptions allowed are ordinary business lunches and items that have received the advanced written approval of the Executive Director of the Texas Department of Transportation.

Article 10. Conflict of Interest

The Local Government shall not assign an employee to a project if the employee:

- A. owns an interest in or is an officer or employee of a business entity that has or may have a contract with the state relating to the project;
- B. has a direct or indirect financial interest in the outcome of the project;
- C. has performed services regarding the subject matter of the project for an entity that has a direct or indirect financial interest in the outcome of the project or that has or may have a contract with TxDOT; or
- D. is a current part-time or full-time employee of TxDOT.

Article 11. Local Government Resources

All employees of the Local Government shall have adequate knowledge and experience to enable them to perform the duties assigned to them. The Local Government certifies that it currently has adequate qualified personnel in its employment to perform the work required under this contract or will be able to obtain adequate qualified personnel from sources other than TxDOT. On receipt of written notice from TxDOT detailing supporting factors and evidence, the Local Government shall remove from the project any employee of the Local Government who is incompetent or whose conduct becomes detrimental to the work. Unless otherwise specified, the Local Government shall furnish all equipment, materials, supplies, and other resources required to perform the work.

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Article 12. Assignment Subcontracts

A subcontract may not be executed by the Local Government without prior written authorization by TxDOT. Subcontracts in excess of \$25,000 shall contain all applicable terms and conditions of this contract. No subcontract will relieve the Local Government of its responsibility under this contract. Neither party shall assign any interest in this agreement.

Article 13. Responsibilities of the Parties

Each party acknowledges that it is not an agent, servant, or employee of the other party. Each party is responsible for its own acts and deeds and for those of its agents, servants, or employees.

Article 14. Disputes

The Local Government shall be responsible for the settlement of all contractual and administrative issues arising out of procurements entered in support of contract services. TxDOT shall be responsible for the settlement of any dispute concerning this contract unless the dispute involves a subcontract.

Article 15. No Assignment

Neither party shall assign, sublet, or transfer any interest in this agreement.

Article 16. Remedies

This agreement shall not be considered as specifying the exclusive remedy for any default, but either party may avail itself of any remedy existing at law or in equity, and all remedies shall be cumulative.

Article 17. License for TxDOT Logo Use

- A. Grant of License; Limitations: The Local Government is granted a limited revocable non-exclusive license to use the registered TxDOT trademark logo (TxDOT Flying "T") on any deliverables prepared under this contract that are the property of the State. The Local Government may not make any use of the registered TxDOT trademark logo on any other materials or documents unless it first submits that request in writing to the State and receives approval for the proposed use. The Local Government agrees that it shall not alter, modify, dilute, or otherwise misuse the registered TxDOT trademark logo or bring it into disrepute.
- B. Notice of Registration Required: The Local Government's use of the Flying "T" under this article shall be followed by the capital letter R enclosed within a circle (®) that gives notice that the Flying "T" is registered in the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO).
- C. No Assignment or Sublicense: The Local Government may not assign or sublicense the rights granted by this article without the prior written consent of the State.
- D. Term of License: The license granted to the Local Government by this article shall terminate at the end of the term specified by this contract.

Article 18. Records and Ownership

A. The Local Government agrees to maintain all books, documents, papers, accounting records, and other evidence pertaining to costs at its office during the contract period and for four years from the date of final payment under the contract. These materials shall be made available for inspection and copying by TxDOT, by the State Auditor's Office, and by their authorized representatives. If the contract is federally funded, these materials shall also be made available for inspection and copying by the U.S. Department of Transportation and by the Office of the Inspector General.

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- B. After completion or termination of this contract, all documents prepared by the Local Government or furnished to the Local Government by TxDOT shall be delivered to and become the property of TxDOT. All sketches, photographs, calculations, and other data prepared under this contract shall be made available, on request, to TxDOT without restriction or limitation of further use.
- C. TxDOT shall own all title to, all interests in, all rights to, and all intellectual property (including copyrights, trade and service marks, trade secrets, and patentable devices or methods) arising from or developed under this contract.
- D. Except to the extent that a specific provision of this contract states to the contrary, all equipment purchased by the Local Government or its subcontractors under this contract shall be owned by TxDOT and will be delivered to TxDOT at the time the contract is completed or terminated.
- E. The State Auditor may conduct an audit or investigation of any entity receiving funds from TxDOT directly under the contract or indirectly through a subcontract under the contract. Acceptance of funds directly under the contract or indirectly through a subcontract under this contract acts as acceptance of the authority of the State Auditor, under the direction of the legislative audit committee, to conduct an audit or investigation in connection with those funds. An entity that is the subject of an audit or investigation must provide the State Auditor with access to any information the State Auditor considers relevant to the investigation or audit.

Article 19. Reference to Costs Principles and Circulars

Reimbursement with state or federal funds will be limited to costs determined to be reasonable and allowable under cost principles establish in OMB Circular A-21, "Cost Principles for Educational Institutions," or 2 CFR 200. The parties shall comply with the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984, P.L. 98-502, ensuring that the single audit report includes the coverage stipulated in 2 CFR 200.

Article 20. Equal Employment Opportunity

The Local Government agrees to comply with Executive Order 11246, entitled "Equal Employment Opportunity," as amended by Executive Order 11375 and as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations, 41 CFR Part 60. The Local Government agrees to consider minority universities for subcontracts when the opportunity exists. The Local Government warrants that it has developed and has on file appropriate affirmative action programs as required by applicable rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

Article 21. Civil Rights Compliance

- A. Compliance with Regulations: The Local Government will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT), the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made part of this agreement.
- B. Nondiscrimination: The Local Government, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The Local Government will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- C. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurement of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations either by competitive bidding or negotiation made by the Local Government for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurement of materials or leases of

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- equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the Local Government of the Local Government's obligations under this contract and the Acts and Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- D. Information and Reports: The Local Government will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto, and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and facilities as may be determined by the State or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations or directives. Where any information required of the Local Government is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish this information, the Local Government will so certify to the State or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
- E. Sanctions for Noncompliance: In the event of the Local Government's noncompliance with the Nondiscrimination provisions of this contract, the State will impose such contract sanctions as it or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. withholding of payments to the Local Government under the contract until the Local Government complies and/or
 - b. cancelling, terminating, or suspending of the contract, in whole or in part.
- F. Incorporation of Provisions: The Local Government will include the provisions of paragraphs (A) through (F) in every subcontract, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The Local Government will take such action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the State or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the Local Government becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or supplier because of such direction, the Local Government may request the State to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the State. In addition, the Local Government may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

Article 22. Noncollusion

The Local Government warrants that it has not employed or retained any company or person, other than a bona fide employee working solely for the Local Government, to solicit or secure this Agreement, and that it has not paid or agreed to pay any company or person, other than a bona fide employee, any fee, commission, percentage, brokerage fee, gift, or any other consideration contingent upon or resulting from the award or making of this Agreement. If the Local Government breaches or violates this warranty, the Texas Department of Transportation shall have the right to annul this Agreement without liability or, in its discretion, to deduct from the Agreement price or consideration, or otherwise recover the full amount of such fee, commission, brokerage fee, contingent fee, or gift.

Article 23. Lobbying Certification

In executing this agreement, each signatory certifies that:

A. No federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid by or on behalf of the parties to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any federal contract, the making of any federal grant, the making of any federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

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- B. If any funds other than federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with federal contracts, grants, loans, or cooperative agreements, the signatory for the Local Government shall complete and submit the federal Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- C. The parties shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This statement is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this agreement was made or entered into. Submission of this statement is a prerequisite for making or entering into this agreement imposed by Title 31 U.S.C. §1352. Any person who fails to file the required statement shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each failure.

By executing this agreement, the parties affirm this lobbying certification with respect to the Project and affirm this certification of the material representation of facts upon which reliance will be made.

Article 24. Compliance with Laws

The parties shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, statutes, ordinances, rules, and regulations and with the orders and decrees of any courts or administrative bodies or tribunals in any manner affecting the performance of this agreement. After receiving a written request from TxDOT, the Local Government shall furnish TxDOT with satisfactory proof of its compliance with this Article.

Article 25. Signatory Warranty

Each signatory warrants that the signatory has necessary authority to execute this agreement on behalf of the entity represented.

Article 26. Notices

All notices to either party shall be delivered personally or sent by certified U.S. mail, postage prepaid, addressed to that party at the following address:

Local Government:	Director of Operations	
	Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority	
	3300 N. IH-35, Suite 300	
	Austin, Tx 78705	
TxDOT:	TxDOT Division Director	
	TxDOT, Toll Operations Division	
	12719 Burnet Road	
	Austin, Texas 78727	

All notices shall be deemed given on the date delivered in person or deposited in the mail. Either party may change the above address by sending written notice of the change to the other party.

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Either party may request in writing that notices shall be delivered personally or by certified U.S. mail, and that request shall be carried out by the other party.

Article 27. Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the Local Government, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agree to comply with the following nondiscrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

- A. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- B. The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects).
- C. Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex).
- D. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.) as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27.
- E. The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (49 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age).
- F. Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 U.S.C. Chapter 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex).
- G. The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, subrecipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not).
- H. Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38.
- I. The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex).
- J. Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations.
- K. Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, the parties must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to the programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100).
- L. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits the parties from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).

ATTACHMENT D

Resolution or Ordinance